

ABSTRACT

A remedy for spinal canal stenosis which comprises a combination of a compound having EP2 agonism with a compound having EP3 agonism. A drug comprising a combination of a compound having EP2 agonism with a compound having EP3 agonism shows an efficacy in a rat gait disorder model induced by compression of cauda equina. Namely, it is efficacious against spinal canal stenosis to use a combination of a compound having EP2 agonism with a compound having EP3 agonism or a compound having both EP2 agonism and EP3 agonism.